$\qquad$

## 1.) Distance vs. Time Graph

a. Describe the motion of Car A: $\qquad$
b. Determine the slope of Car A (include units!):
c. What does the slope represent? Look at the units!

d. Describe the motion of Car B:

> (constant velocity / accelerating)

## 2.) Velocity vs. Time Graph

a. Determine the area under the curve between 1.0 second and 3.0 seconds (include units!):

Speed (m/s)

d. What does the slope represent? Look at the units! $\qquad$
3.) Label each of the graphs below with the following labels. You may use some more than once or not at all.
(1) Constant Speed
(3) Not Moving
(2) Constant Acceleration
(4) Acceleration (not constant)
$\qquad$


Time
$\qquad$
d)


Time
$\qquad$
b)


Time
$\qquad$ c)


Time
e)

Time
f)
$\qquad$


Time

## 4.) Force vs. Distance Graph

a. Determine the Work done as the box is pushed 4.0 m

5.) Work vs. Time Graph

Work vs. Time
a. Which person generated more power?
b. How can you tell?

## 6.) Voltage vs. Current Graph

a. The graph to the right represents the relationship between the potential difference across a metal conductor and the current through the conductor at a constant temperature. What is the resistance of the conductor?


Potential Difference
vs. Current


## 7.) Power vs. Resistance Graph

a. What is the equation that relates resistance and power?
b. Which of the graphs to the right show this relationship?

(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)

## 8.) Energy Graphs

a. Neglecting friction, as a ball drops from a 10 m high building, what happens to its
i. height? $\qquad$ PE? $\qquad$
ii. velocity? $\qquad$ KE? $\qquad$
iii. total mechanical energy? $\qquad$
b. Draw the following graphs:


Distance (m)


Distance (m)


Distance (m)

## 9.) Hooke's law

a. The graph to the right shows elongation as a function of the applied force for two springs, $A$ and $B$. Compared to the spring constant for spring $A$, the spring constant for spring $B$ is
(1) Smaller
(2) Larger
(3) The same


## 10.) Graphs and Relationships

Identify the graph that shows the relationship between the graphed quantities to be...
a. Direct
b. Inverse
c. Direct squared
d. Inverse Squared


Graph W


Graph X


Graph Y


Graph Z

Which graph would be appropriate to describe the relationship between... (some may be used more than once)
a. $V$ and $I$ in the $V=I R$ equation. $\qquad$
b. $I$ and $R$ in the $V=I R$ equation. $\qquad$
c. $D$ and $t$ in the $D=1 / 2$ at $^{2}$ equation. $\qquad$
d. $F_{G}$ and $r$ in the $F_{G}=G m_{1} m_{2} / r^{2}$ equation.
e. $P E$ and $x$ in the $P E=1 / 2 k x^{2}$ equation. $\qquad$
f. $F_{E}$ and $r$ in the $F_{E}=k q_{1} q_{2} / r^{2}$ equation. $\qquad$
g. $\lambda$ and $f$ in the $v=\lambda f$ equation. $\qquad$
h. $E$ and $f$ in $E=h f$ equation.

Identify any connections between what the equation looks like and the type of graph that matches it:

